

T-1 Homestead Program

T-2 Liquor Taxes

T-3 Kansas Retail Sales Tax Exemptions

T-4
Mortgage
Registration
Tax and
Statutory Fees
for Recording
Documents with
County Registers
of Deeds

T-5
Selected Tax Rate
Comparisons

Chris Courtwright
Principal Economist
785-296-3181
Chris.Courtwright@klrd.ks.gov

# Kansas Legislator Briefing Book 2015

#### **Taxation**

## **T-2 Liquor Taxes**

Kansas has three levels of liquor taxation, each of which imposes different rates and provides for a different disposition of revenue.

**Liquor Gallonage Tax**. The first level of taxation is the gallonage tax, which is imposed upon the person who first manufactures, sells, purchases, or receives the liquor or cereal malt beverage (CMB).

**Liquor Enforcement of Sales Tax**. The second level of taxation is the enforcement or sales tax, which is imposed on the gross receipts from the sale of liquor or CMB to consumers by retail liquor dealers and grocery and convenience stores; and to clubs, drinking establishments, and caterers by distributors.

**Liquor Drink Tax**. The third level of taxation is levied on the gross receipts from the sale of liquor by clubs, caterers, and drinking establishments.

## Gallonage

Since the tax is imposed upon the person who first manufactures, uses, sells, stores, purchases, or receives the alcoholic liquor or CMB, the tax has already been paid by the time the product has reached the retail liquor store – or in the case of CMB, grocery or convenience store.

When the liquor store owner purchases a case of light wine from a distributor, the 30 cents per gallon tax has already been built in as part of that store owner's acquisition cost.

Rates	
	Per Gallon
Beer and CMB	\$0.18
Light Wine	\$0.30
Fortified Wine	\$0.75
Alcohol and Spirits	\$2.50

Gallonage tax receipts in FY 2014 were approximately \$21.8 million. Of this amount, nearly \$9.7 million was attributed to the beer and CMB tax.

Gallonage Tax – Disposition of Revenue					
	State General Fund	Community Alcoholism and Intoxication Programs Fund (CAIPF)			
Alcohol and Spirits	90%	10%			
All Other Gallonage Taxes	100%				

Liquor gallonage tax rates have not been increased since 1977.

#### **Enforcement and Sales**

**Enforcement**. Enforcement Tax is an in-lieu-of sales tax imposed at the rate of 8 percent on the gross receipts of the sale of liquor to consumers and on the gross receipts from the sale of liquor and CMB to clubs, drinking establishments, and caterers by distributors.

 A consumer purchasing a \$10 bottle of wine at a liquor store is going to pay 80 cents in enforcement tax.

The club owner buying the case of light wine (who already had paid the 30 cents per gallon gallonage tax as part of his acquisition cost) also would now pay the 8 percent enforcement tax.

**Sales.** CMB purchases in grocery or convenience stores are not subject to the enforcement tax, but rather are subject to state and local sales taxes. The state sales tax rate is 6.15 percent, and combined local sales tax rates range as high as 5.0 percent.

# CMB sales, therefore, are taxed at rates ranging from 6.15 to 11.15 percent.

Besides the rate differential between sales of strong beer (and other alcohol) by liquor stores and CMB by grocery and convenience stores, there is a major difference in the disposition of revenue.

Enforcement and Sales Tax Disposition of Revenue				
	SGF	State Highway Fund	Local Units	
Enforcement (8 percent)	100.00%			
State Sales (6.15 percent)	82.93%	17.07%		
Local Sales (up to 5 percent)			100.00%	

Enforcement tax receipts in FY 2014 were approximately \$64.5 million. Grocery and convenience store sales tax collections from CMB are unknown.

The liquor enforcement tax rate has not been increased since 1983.

#### **Drink**

The liquor drink tax is imposed at the rate of 10 percent on the gross receipts from the sale of alcoholic liquor by clubs, caterers, and drinking establishments.

The club owner (who had previously paid the gallonage tax and then the enforcement tax when acquiring the case of light wine) next is required to charge the drink tax on sales to its customers. Assuming the club charged \$4.00 for a glass of light wine, the drink tax on such a transaction would be 40 cents.

2 T-2 Liquor Taxes

Drink Tax – Disposition of Revenue					
			Local Alcoholic		
	SGF	CAIPF	Liquor Fund		
Drink Tax (10 percent)	25%	5%	70%		

Liquor drink tax revenues in FY 2014 were about \$40.5 million, of which \$10.2 million were deposited in the SGF.

The liquor drink tax rate has remained unchanged since imposition in 1979.

For more information, please contact:

Chris Courtwright, Principal Economist Chris.Courtwright@klrd.ks.gov

Reed Holwegner, Principal Research Analyst Reed.Holwegner@klrd.ks.gov

Kansas Legislative Research Department 300 SW 10th Ave., Room 68-West, Statehouse Topeka, KS 66612 Phone: (785) 296-3181

Fax: (785) 296-3824

T-2 Liquor Taxes 3